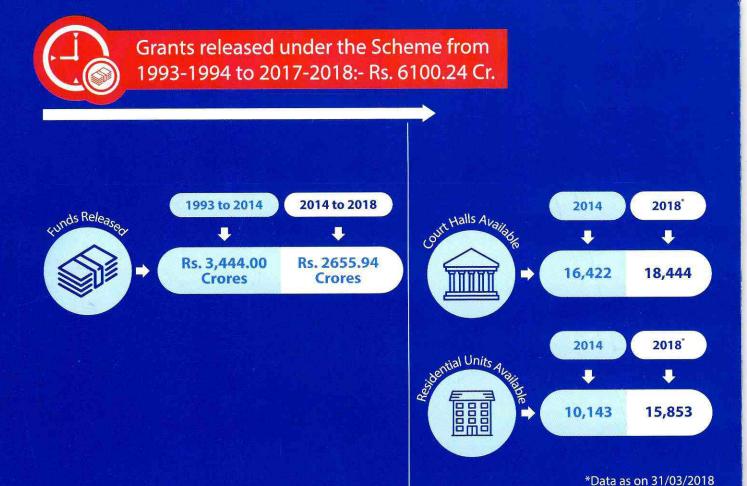


Centrally Sponsored Scheme For
Development Of Infrastructure
Facilities For The Judiciary



The Department of Justice has been implementing the Centrally Sponsored Scheme for the Development of Infrastructure Facilities for the Judiciary (Scheme) since 1993-1994 to augment the resources of the state governments for construction of court buildings and residential accommodation of judicial officers / judges covering District and Subordinate Courts

The Scheme aims at improving the physical infrastructure of the Subordinate Courts as also the housing needs for judicial officers of District and Subordinate Courts in the country with a view to facilitate better justice delivery.







90:10 for 8 North Eastern States, namely, Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Mizoram, Meghalaya, Tripura, Nagaland, Manipur and Sikkim, and 3 Himalayan States, namely, Jammu and Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh and Uttarakhand

Conditions for Release of Grants under the Scheme

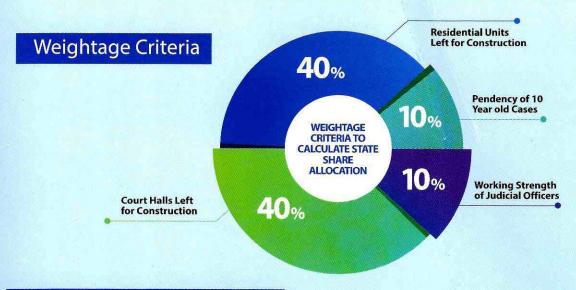
- Availability of funds with the central government
- Submission of Utilisation Certificate for previous grants released to the states/UTs, along with utilization of prescribed state share necessary
- Demand/request for grants to be based on Action Plan for construction of court buildings and residential accommodations for Judicial Officers of District and Subordinate Courts
- · Release of funds will be in two equal shares in a financial year

Timeline for Submission of Proposals under the Scheme

States/UTs to submit their proposals with above details by 30th of June every year

Coverage of the Scheme

- Construction of court halls/buildings in district and subordinate judiciary
- · Construction of residential units for judicial officers of district and subordinate judiciary
- 10% of the Total BE allocated for the Scheme is earmarked for the States of the North Eastern Region (NER)



Monitoring and Evaluation

- In addition to existing monitoring mechanisms in the state, two Monitoring Committees to be constituted at the central and state level
- High Court Level Monitoring Committee in the state Portfolio Judges, Registrar General of the High Court, Law/Home Secretary of the State and Secretary of the State PWD and other members as necessary. This committee may meet twice every month or earlier, if necessary
- Central Level Monitoring Committee in the Department of Justice Secretary (Department of Justice),
 Representatives from States (Department of Law/Home, High Courts and PWD), Joint Secretary (Department
 of Justice), Financial Advisor (Law and Justice) and the Deputy Secretary (Department of Justice) will be the
 Convener. This Committee will meet once every 3 months or earlier, if necessary

Duties of the Monitoring Committees

- Receipt of proposals
- Monitor adherence to timelines
- Partion IICa pulpositta di la catata a // II
- Review UCs submitted by states/UTs
- Overall monitoring of the implementation of the project
- Periodically review the progress



NYAYA VIKAS

Online Monitoring System with Geotagging through Web Portal and Mobile App

The Department of Justice with technical assistance from the National Remote Sensing Centre (NRSC), ISRO has developed a web portal and mobile application for geotagging of assets and monitoring of physical and financial progress of projects sanctioned under the Scheme.

Norms and Specifications

- The norms and specifications have been developed based on recommendations of the National Court Management Systems Committee of the Supreme Court in the Baseline Report on Court Development Planning System, existing norms and practices being followed by different State Governments and certain CPWD norms. Since the current structure of the Scheme is limited to projects under construction, these norms and specifications will only be applicable to new projects.
- For the purpose of fixing norms and specifications, the States have been divided into two categories namely A and B. Category A comprises States where the sanctioned strength of judicial officers of Subordinate Judiciary is more than 500 and pendency of cases in Subordinate Judiciary is above 3 lakhs and Category B comprises States where the sanctioned strength of judicial officers is less than 500 and pendency of cases in Subordinate Judiciary is below 3 lakhs.
- The cost estimates for construction will be as per the schedule of rates
 of the PWD Departments or the department/agency undertaking
 construction under CSS of the respective states. The share of
 Government of India shall be limited; whichever is lower of the actual
 cost estimate and unit cost estimate as calculated hereafter. The
 norms and specifications have been developed only for Court Halls,
 the states may use standard norms for residential units prescribed
 and practised for construction of residential units of government
 officials in the state.